

27 September – 1 October

## How does cycling fight climate change?

#### **Objectives**

Learn about climate change and where the UK's emissions come from.

Explore how emissions can be reduced, with an emphasis on transport.

#### **Activity outline**

Use the 'Cycling to fight climate change' PowerPoint to facilitate discussion around climate change and emissions. Use the teacher prompt if required.

Pupils fill out the cycling to fight climate change worksheet with learnings from the group discussion. This worksheet includes writing their own climate pledge.

#### **Extension**

Pupils make a short video or a poster explaining how cycling fights climate change.

#### Inspired by:

Sustrans School Officer.





#### Time needed:

20 minutes (1 hour with extension)



#### Resources needed:

Cycling to fight climate change PowerPoint

Large whiteboard/ smartboard/flip chart paper

Cycling to fight climate change pupil worksheet



#### Solo/group activity:

**Both** 



#### **Curriculum links**

Geography (Eng)

The world around us (NI)

Social studies – People, Place & Environment (Scot)

Humanities (Wales)







# Conversation starter: teacher prompt for the cycling to fight climate change PowerPoint

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#### Weather and climate

Pupils discuss the difference between the two terms.

#### Climate change

Pupils work in pairs to come up with a definition of the term 'climate change'.

#### Where do our emissions come from?

Pupils create a mind map of different emission sources.

Pupils discuss where the UK's emission come from.

**Tip** – bunker fuel is any fuel used on board a ship.

Pupils discuss where transport emissions come from.

#### How can we reduce emissions?

Go back to the emission sources mind map – pupils discuss what could be done as individuals and as a group to reduce emissions.

Pupils discuss what would make the most impact.

Pupils discuss what the society/government need to do.

#### This machine fights climate change

Pupils discuss how switching mode of transport could reduce emissions.

#### My Carbon Pledge

Pupils to come up with a carbon pledge – something they can do as an individual/class/school to reduce their carbon footprint. Eg walk instead of drive, eat less meat.



#### Cycling to fight climate change

What is climate change?		
=		

#### Where do UK emissions come from?

Match up the sector and the percentage.

Agriculture Buildings

**Bunker Fuels** 

Electricity & Heat

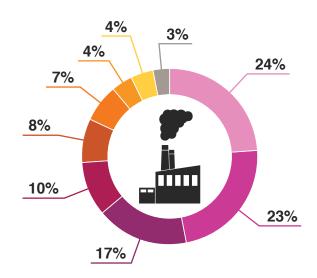
Fuel combustion

Industry

Manufacturing

Transport

Waste



#### Where do our transport emissions come from?

Match up the mode and the percentage.

Aviation (domestic)

Buses/coaches

Cars/taxis

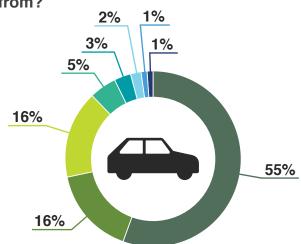
HGVs

**LGVs** 

Rail

Shipping (domestic)

Other





What can we do to reduce our emissions?				
What are the most important things you could do as an individual to reduce emissions?				
My Carbon Pledge				
I commit to				



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# Which fabrics should cycling clothing be made from?

#### **Objective**

Researching and designing cycle clothing to wear to school during different times of the year.

#### **Activity outline**

Use the <u>Cycling clothing PowerPoint</u> to facilitate discussion around the different types of clothing materials. Pupils discuss different fabrics and their properties.

Pupils fill in the cycling clothing worksheet with learnings from the PowerPoint and group discussion.

#### **Extension**

Pupils use their cycling clothing worksheet to create a poster or leaflet that shows a range of design ideas for a cycling uniform. Pupils discuss the features and fabrics of each type of cycling clothing and vote on the best uniform.

**Tip** – pupils can design a school uniform that is cycling friendly, or a cycling kit that can be worn on the way to school.

#### Inspired by:

Sustrans School Officer.

#### **Useful clothing resources**

**BBC Bitesize Material categories and properties** 

Road CC clothing review

**British Cycling Clothing Guide** 





#### Time needed:

15 minutes (1 hour with extension)



#### Resources needed:

Cycling clothing PowerPoint

Large whiteboard/ smartboard/flip chart paper Cycling clothing worksheet



#### Solo/group activity:

Both



#### **Curriculum links**

Design & Technology (Eng)

STEM (NI)

Technologies – Food & Textiles (Scot)

Science & Technology (Wales)







## Cycling clothing

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List the properties	you want your cycling clothin	g to have:	
(E.g. waterproof, brea	thable, stretchy)		
Use this table to co	mnare fahrice:		
Eg Lycra, cotton, nylo			
Fabric	Advantage	Disadvantage	
What fabric is best	for summer?		
What fabric is best	for winter?		
	tures you want your cycling o	_	
Including features to i	mprove visibility or cope with wea	ather conditions	



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## Get to know your bike

#### **Objective**

Learn and correctly identify the different parts to a bicycle.

#### **Activity outline**

Give each group or pupil a pack of bike part labels and a piece of blue tack.

Pupils discuss the different bicycle parts and where they think they are located.

Pupils take turns to stick a label onto the print out bicycle or demonstration bike.

#### **Extension**

As a group discuss and identify which bicycle parts might need more maintenance and why.

Can the class identify certain bike parts which should be checked before using?

#### Inspired by:

Bike Maintenance lesson run by Sustrans School Officers.



#### Time needed:

10 minutes



#### Resources needed:

Bike part labels

Blue tack

A3 print out of a bicycle or a bike that can be used for demonstration



#### Solo/group activity:

Either



#### **Curriculum links**

Science (Eng)

STEM (NI)

Technologies (Scot)

Science and Technology (Wales)









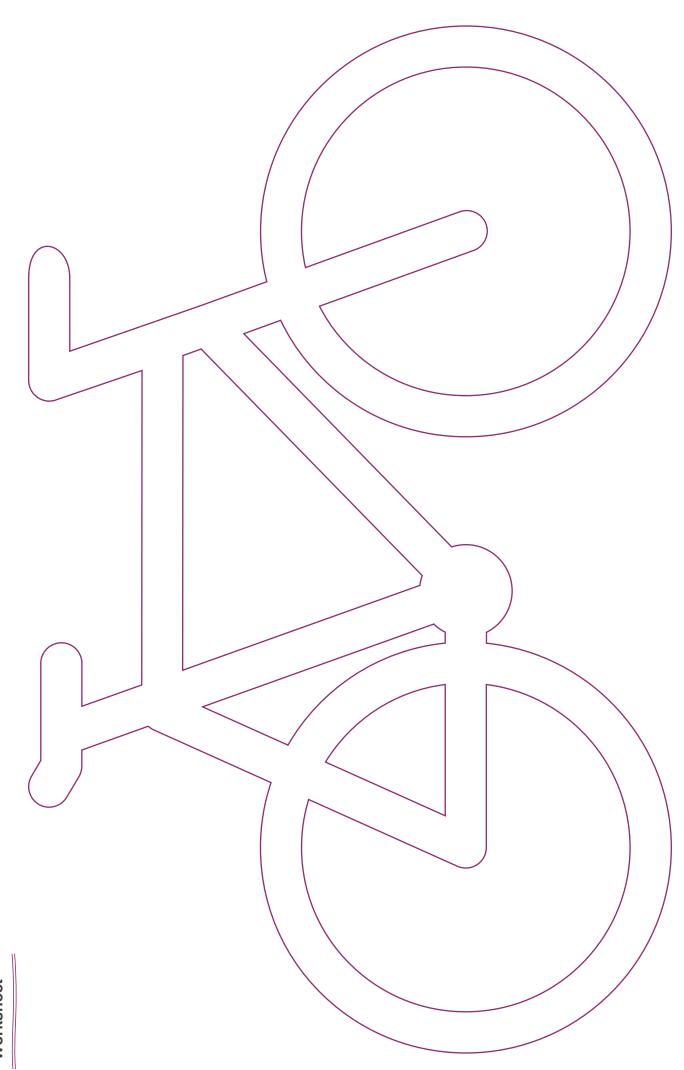
Levers



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#### Bike part labels

Seat Chain Head Fork **Handlebars Tube** Clamp Stay Crown **Chain Set Seat Stay** Suspension **Front** Rear (chainrings **Forks** Derailleur Hub **Bridge** and crank) **Bottom** Drop-out / **Fork Bracket** Headset **Tyre Rear End** Blade Shell Rear Seat Seat **Pedal Chainrings Sprockets Tube** Stay or Cassette Drop-out / **Front Down Tube** Stem Rim **Fork End** Changer Seat Gear Top Fork Column Chain **Post** Tube Hanger Gear Saddle **Spokes** Crank **Brake** 



Day 3 Worksheet



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## Route planning my cycle journey

#### **Objective**

Learning how to use different mapping tools to plan routes for cycling.

Use the knowledge gained to plan a route in the local area (extension).

#### **Activity outline**

Introduce pupils to the two different route planning tools; Google Maps and Komoot.

Use the Route planning my cycle journey PowerPoint to discover the key features available in Google maps and Komoot.

Pupils either individually or in a group explore the different features of the route planning tools.

**Tip** – if pupils do not have access to an ipad or laptop the class can look at the route planning tools together on the smartboard.

Pupils fill out the route planning my cycle journey worksheet and discuss the pros and cons of the different route planning tools.

#### **Extension**

Pupils plan their own route using Google Maps and Komoot. Pupils record their findings on the route planning my cycle journey worksheet extension.

#### Inspired by:

Sustrans School Officer.







#### Time needed:

30 minutes (1 hour with extension)



#### Resources needed:

Route planning my cycle journey PowerPoint and smartboard

Route planning my cycle journey worksheet

IPads/laptops with access to the internet (in groups or pairs)



#### Solo/group activity:

Dependant on resources



#### **Curriculum links**

Geography (Eng)

The world around us (NI)

Social studies, People, Place & Environment (Scot)

Humanities (Wales)







#### Route planning my cycle journey

# Google maps Three features of google maps are:\_\_\_\_\_ The five Google map layers are: The feature I'd use to plan avoiding air pollution is: The feature I think is most useful is: Komoot Three features of Komoot are: The layers in Komoot are: \_\_\_\_\_

The feature I think is most useful is: \_\_\_\_\_\_

### Route planning my cycle journey (extension)

Using Google Maps and Komoot, plan a cycling route in your local area, making use of the features each tool offers.
The route is going from to
My chosen route is km with metres of ascent, and will take minutes.
Why did you choose this route?
Google maps
How many alternative routes did Google Maps find?
How did you decide which one to choose?
Did you make any alterations to your route? If so, why?
Are there any busy roads along your route (using the traffic feature)? Could you avoid them?
Komoot
Did Komoot recommend a different route? What was different about it?
Did you make any alterations to your route? If so, why?
Do you go along any cycle paths? Which ones?
Is any of your route unsuitable for certain bikes? For example, is there an off-road section you would need a mountain bike for?
Which tool do you like more? Why?



## How normal is my journey to school?

#### **Objective**

Use data to compare and contrast pupil's journey to school with other young people's journeys.

#### **Activity outline**

Pupils use the 'How normal is my journey to school?' worksheet to explore the data around journeys to school and how their mode of transport and journey length compares to the UK average.

As a group pupils discuss the questions on the 'How normal is my journey to school?' worksheet.

Tip – if you want to do this activity as a whole class use the 'How <u>normal is my journey</u> to school?' <u>PowerPoint</u>

Pupils discuss what could be done to increase the number of people who cycle to school.

#### Inspired by:

Sustrans School Officer.





#### Time needed:

20 minutes (1 hour with extensions)



#### Resources needed:

Interactive whiteboard or Projector

'How normal is my journey to school?' **PowerPoint** 

'How normal is my journey to school?' pupil worksheet



#### Solo/group activity:

Both



#### Curriculum links

Maths (Eng / Scot)

Maths and numeracy Handling data (NI)

Mathematics and Numeracy (Wales)







## How normal is my journey to school? Extension activities

#### Extension 1 – Ethnicity and journey to school

Explore the ethnic breakdown of time taken to travel to school data. On average different ethnic groups have significantly different travel times to school.

Pupils discuss ideas of disparities in car ownership and where people live. **Government stats** show that 19% of people in the UK have no access to a car.

Use <u>Datashine</u> to explore census data. Investigate where ethnic groups live.

#### Extension 2 – How far do you travel?

Pupils use <u>traveltime app</u> to see how far they could get from school in a 10 minute walk and then a 10 minute cycle.

#### Extension 3 – 15 minute neighbourhoods

**Show this video** about 15 minute neighbourhoods.

Discuss if your local area could be a 15 minute neighbourhood?





# How normal is my journey to school? Worksheet

Time spent traveling to school can the most boring and frustrating part of your day. On the other hand, it can also be a chance to be outside, catch up with your friends and see more of where you live. The way people travel to school varies all over the country from public buses dominating in London to private cars in more remote rural areas.

You are one of 10 million school children in the UK (9 million in England, 500,000 in Wales, 700,000 in Scotland, 300,000 in Northern Ireland) making a journey from home to school and back each day.

now do you tillik your school journey compares to everyone else's:							
How do you	ı travel?						
What's the mo	st common forn	n of travel to sch	nool across th	e UK?			
Using the num	nbers below, est	imate which per	rcentage fits w	vith each mode of	travel.		
1%	2%	4%	11%	37%	43%		
Bicycle		Local bus		Train			
Car / Van		Private bus		Walk			

How do you think your echool journey compares to everyone else's?



## How normal is my journey to school? Worksheet

#### **Discussion:**

Why do you think most people travel like this to school?

What's stopping people from cycling to school?

What do you think the percentages are for your class or school?

#### How long does it take?

The UK average journey to school takes 19 minutes.

Use Google maps to calculate your journey to school and fill in the table below.

My journey time	Friend 1	Friend 2	Friend 3	Friend 4	Friend 5	Friend 6	Average

Calculate the average for you and 6 friends.

How does you average compare to the national average?

What's the mean / median / mode? What's the range?

What does this tell you about the data?

Is there anything different about you and your friends' journey compared to the national average?